

Seafood and Aquaculture Workshop Nutrition and Safety



Seafood Nutrition

USDA 2015-2020 Dietary Guidelines

Healthy Eating Pattern

Eat Less

- Saturated & Trans Fats
- Added Sugars
- Sodium

Eat More

- Vegetables
- Fruits
- Grains (1/2 Whole)
- Fat Free/Low Fat Dairy
- Proteins (Including Seafood)
- Oils

Seafood 2x a Week

Can reduce your risk of heart disease by



and provide more energy throughout the day

Mozaffarian and Rimm 2006

When pregnant

Consuming seafood can enhance your baby's brain and eye development

Seniors and Seafood

Can exhibit enhanced cognitive function and a increase life expectancy.

Nutrition

Omega-3

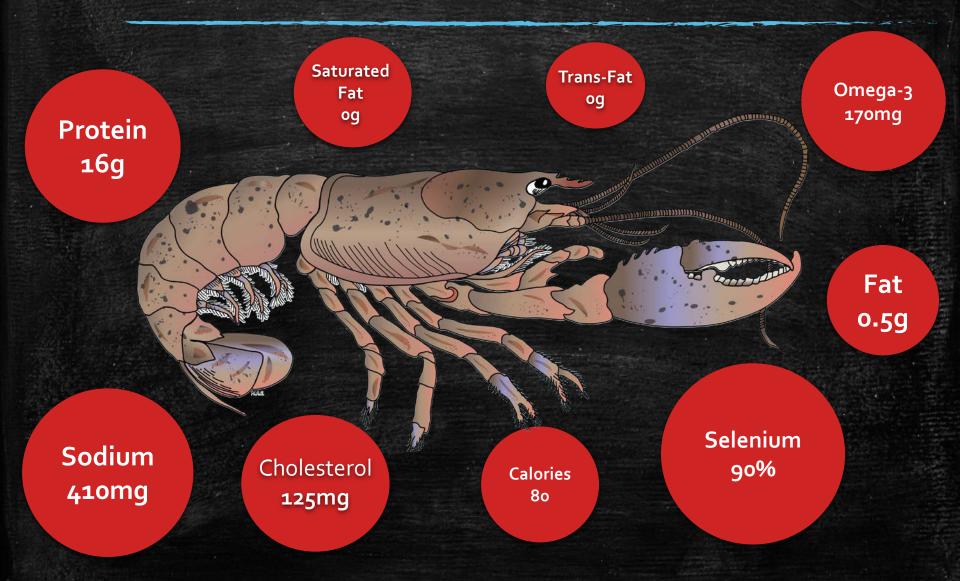
- Low saturated fats
- Lean high quality protein
 - Low calorie
- Vitamins and Minerals
 - Selenium
 - Iodine

Omega-3: EPA & DHA

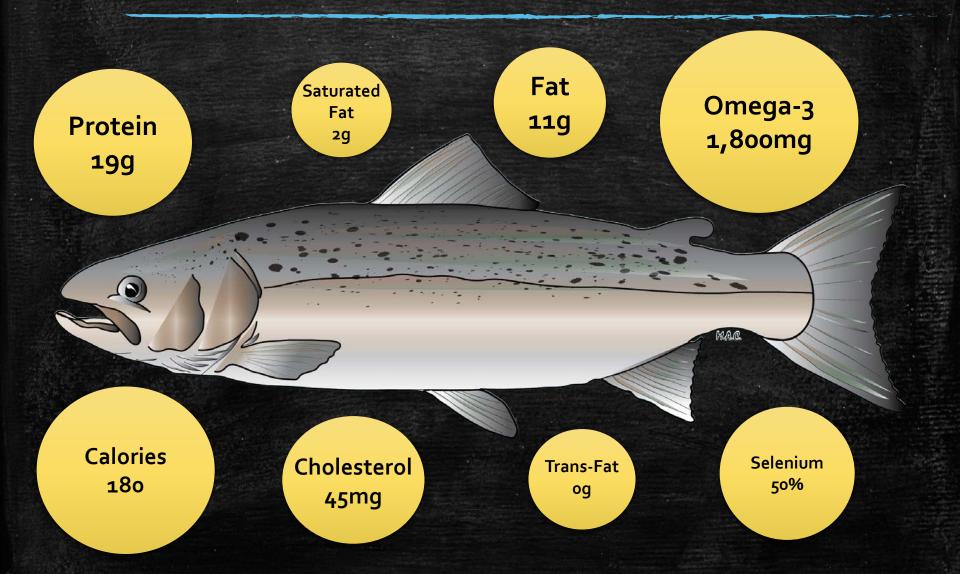
Recommendation: 250mg per day

SEAFOOD PRODUCT	3 OUNCE COOKED PORTION	
Herring, Wild (Atlantic & Pacific)	****	
Salmon, Farmed (Atlantic)	>1,500 milligrams	
Salmon, Canned (Pink, Sockeye & Chum)	***	
Mackerel, Canned (Jack)	1,000 to 1,500 milligrams	
Salmon, Wild (Sockeye, Coho, Chum & Pink)	***	
Oysters, Wild & Farmed	500 to 1,000 milligrams	
Tuna, Canned (Light)	💘 aaa ta saa milliarama	
Halibut, Wild (Pacific & Atlantic)	200 to 500 milligrams	
Shrimp, Wild & Farmed	•	
Tilapia, Farmed	<200 milligrams	

Lobster: 3oz Portion



Atlantic Salmon: 3oz Portion



Salmon

Atlantic

Nutrition Facts

Serving Size 3 oz (85g) Atlantic Salmon, cooked dry heat

Amount	Per	Serving
--------	-----	---------

Calories 18	0 Cal	ories fron	n Fat 90
	_	% Da	aily Value
Total Fat 11	g		17%
Saturated	Fat 2g		10%
Trans Fat	0g		
Cholesterol	55mg		18%
Sodium 50n	ng		2%
Total Carbo	hydrate	0g	0%
Dietary Fiber 0g 0		0%	
Sugars 0g	1		
Protein 19g			
Vitamin A 0%	6 .	Vitamin (C 6%
Calcium 2%	•	Iron 2%	
Selenium 50	%		
*Percent Daily V diet. Your daily v depending on yo	alues may b	e higher or	
Total Fat Saturated Fat	Less than Less than Less than Less than	65g 20g 300mg 2,400mg	80g 25g 300mg 2,400mg

Coho

Serving Size 3 Coho Salmon	3 oz (85	g)	
Amount Per Serv	ing		-
Calories 120	Cal	ories fron	n Fat 35
		% Da	ily Value*
Total Fat 3.5g	1		5%
Saturated F	at 1g		5%
Trans Fat 0	g		
Cholesterol 4	5mg		15%
Sodium 50mg	3		2%
Total Carboh	ydrate	0g	0%
Dietary Fibe	er Og		0%
Sugars 0g			
Protein 20g			
Vitamin A 2%	•	Vitamin (2%
Calcium 4%	•	Iron 2%	
Vitamin D 100	• %	Selenium	1 45%
*Percent Daily Valu diet. Your daily val depending on your	ues may b	e higher or l	
Total Fat L Saturated Fat L Cholesterol L	ess than ess than ess than ess than e	65g 20g 300mg 2,400mg 300g 25g	80g 25g 300mg 2,400mg 375g 30g

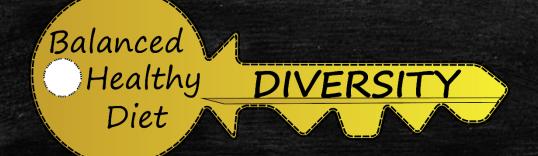
Pink

Amount Per Serving			
Calories 130	Cal	ories from	Fat 4
		% Da	ily Value
Total Fat 4.5g			79
Saturated Fat 1	g		5%
Trans Fat 0g	-		
Cholesterol 45mg	g		15%
Sodium 75mg	-		3%
Total Carbohydra	ate	0g	0%
Dietary Fiber 0		-	0%
Sugars 0g	_		107.0
Protein 21g			
Vitamin A 2%	•	Vitamin C	0%
Calcium 0%	•	Iron 2%	
Vitamin D 110%	•	Selenium	45%
*Percent Daily Values a diet. Your daily values n depending on your calor Calori	nay l	be higher or lo	
Total Fat Less t Saturated Fat Less t Cholesterol Less t Sodium Less t Total Carbohydrate Dietary Fiber	han han	65g 20g	80g 25g 300mg 2,400m 375g 30g

www.seafoodhealthfacts.org

How Much?

6-10 oz per week

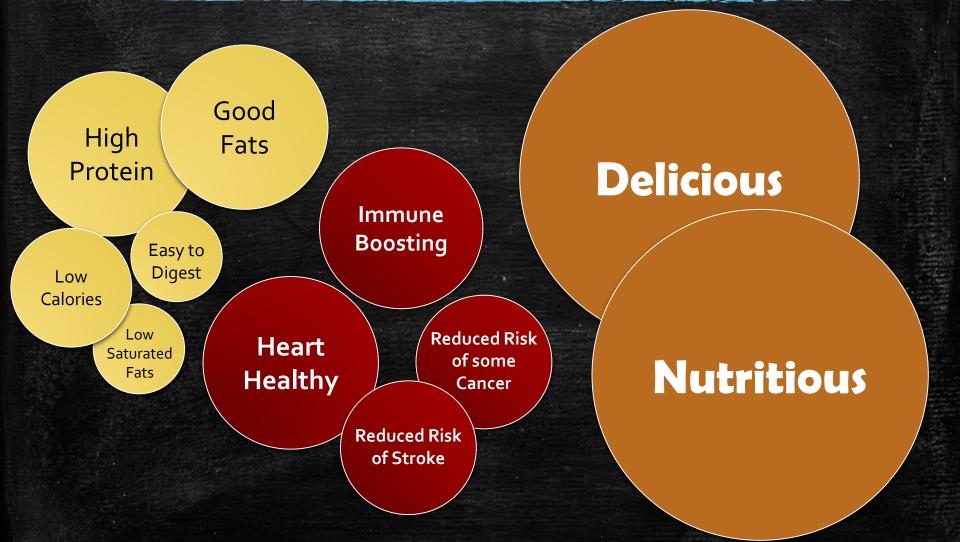


Diversity

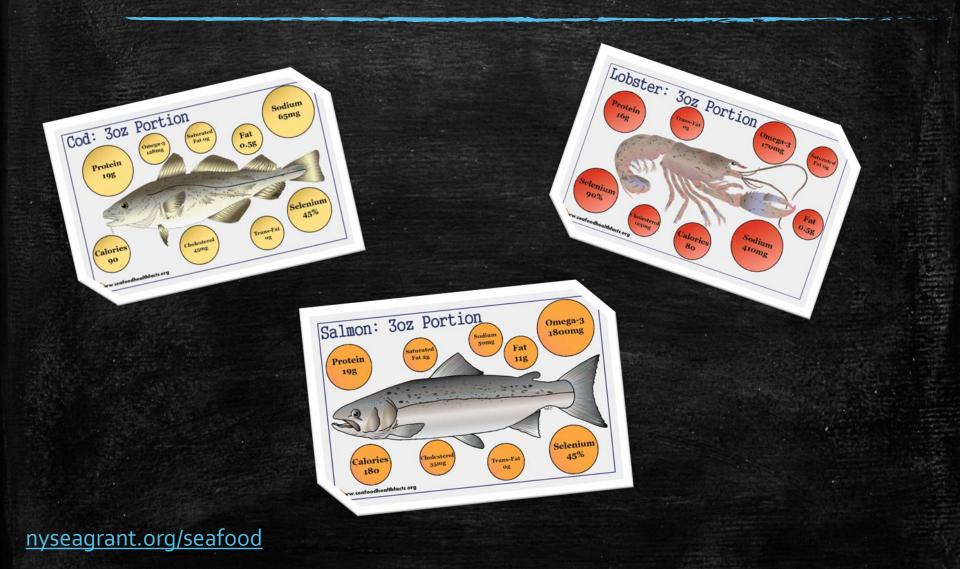
- In 2014 there were over 129 different species of fish caught by U.S. Fishermen.
 - 98 Finfish
 - 31 Shellfish
- Aquaculture
 - 22 Finfish
 - 18 Shellfish

NMFS, 2014 Statistics

Bottom Line...



Educating Consumers





Seafood Safety

Food Borne Illness Annually in the USA

48 Million Cases 128,000 Hospitalizations 3,000 Deaths

Food Borne Illness 1998-2015

19,119 Outbreaks 373,531 Illnesses 14,681 Hospitalizations 337 Deaths

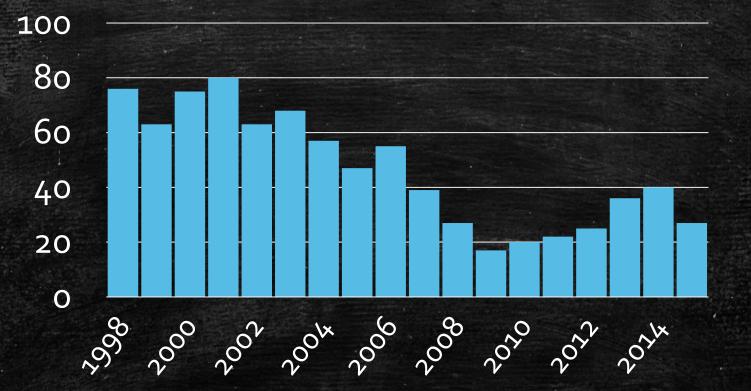
CDC FOOD Tool (October 27, 2016)

Seafood Related Illness 1998-2015

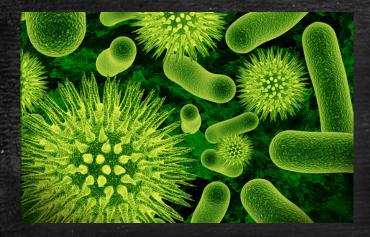
837 Outbreaks 4.4% 5,716 Illnesses 1.5% 345 Hospitalizations 2.3% 4 Deaths 1.2%

Food Born Illness in the U.S.

Seafood Related Outbreaks



Top Safety Concerns



1. Microbial Growth Bacteria Virus

2. Chemical

Contamination

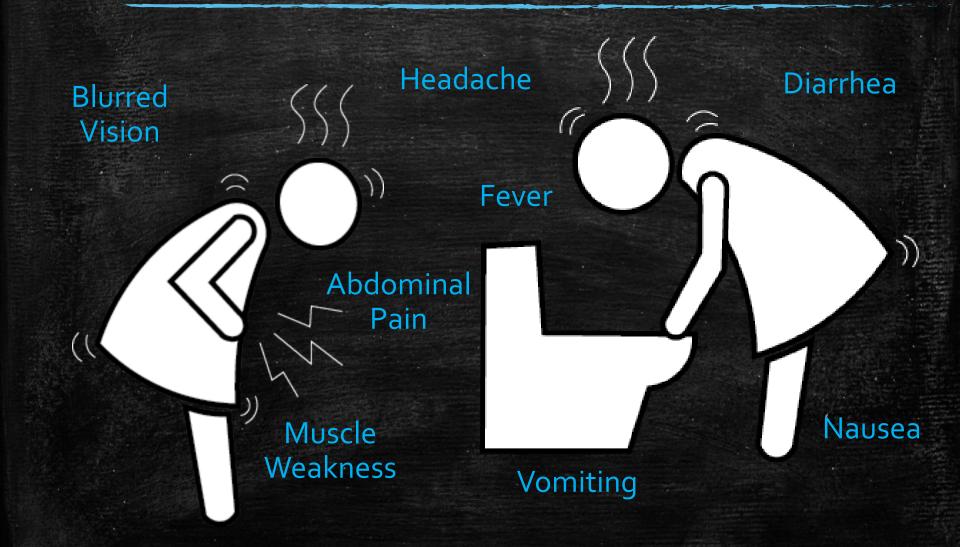
Natural toxins Environmental Contaminants Aquaculture Drugs



Microbial Growth

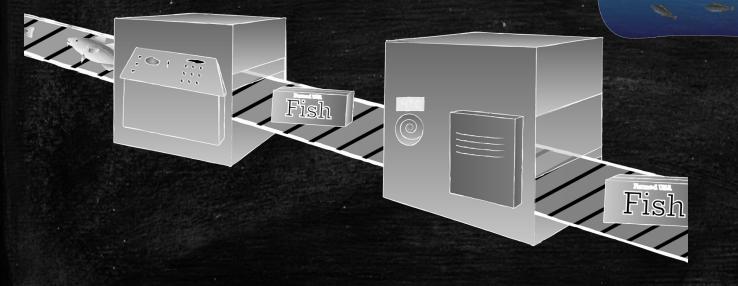
Top biological concern: Bacterial Pathogens

Pathogens



Where do they come from

Natural Environment Ubiquitous



Key to Control

10

8

9

Sanitation

Temperature

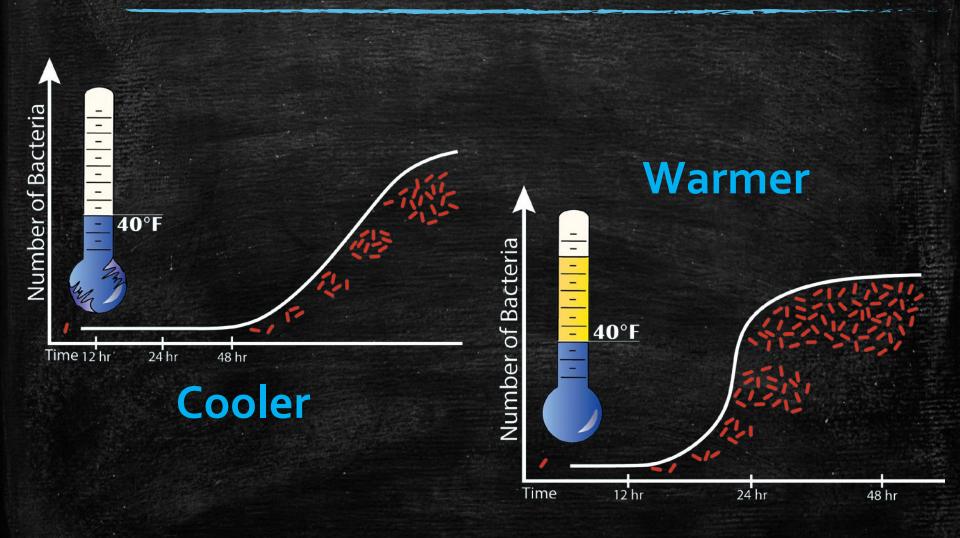
6

12

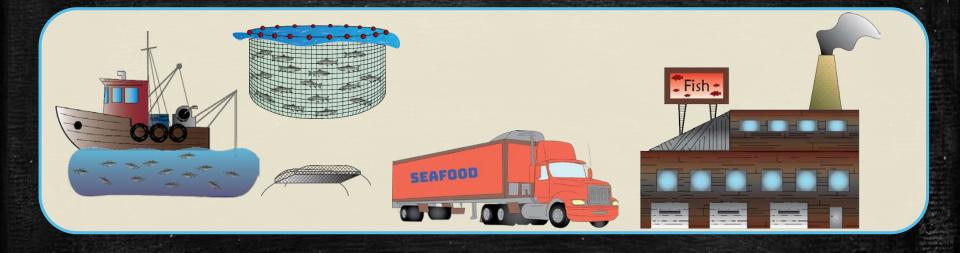
Fime

3

Time and Temperature



When to Control

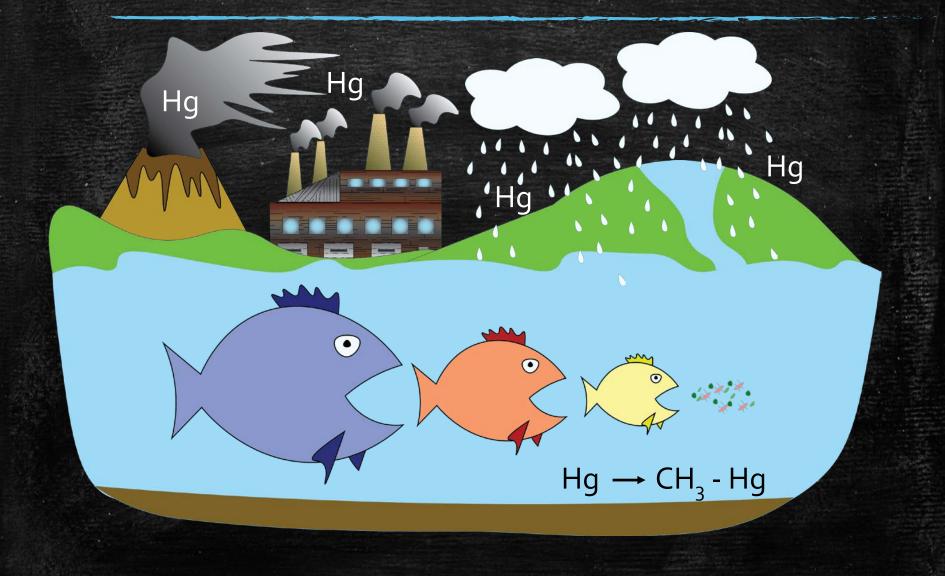




Chemical Contamination

Top Consumer Concern: Mercury

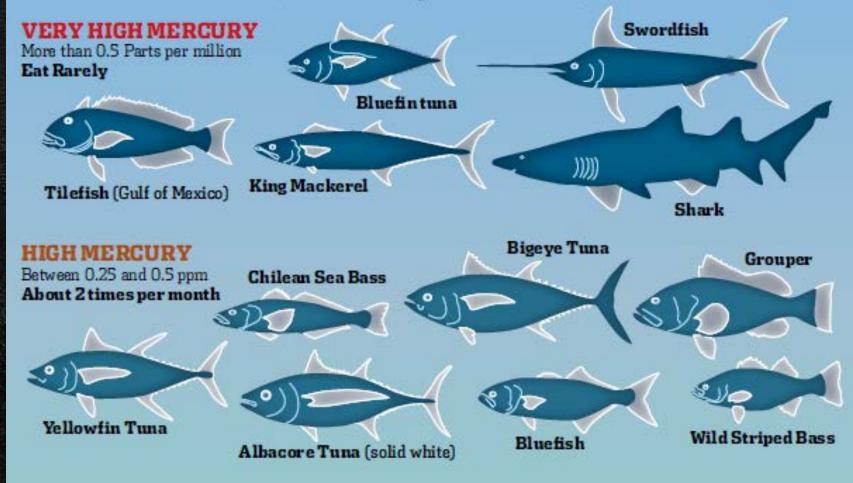
Source of Mercury



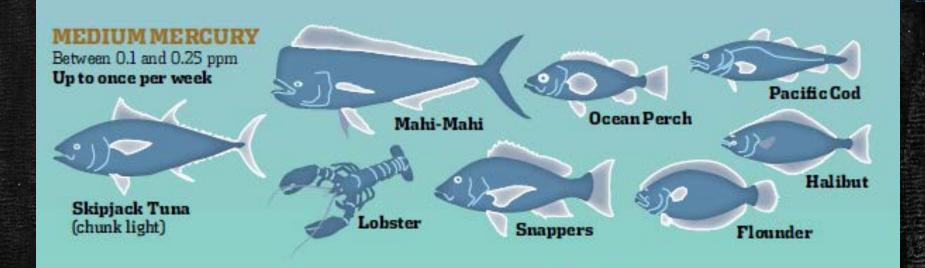
High Mercury

WHICH FISH AND HOW MUCH?

(Estimates of servings for a 130 lb. woman)



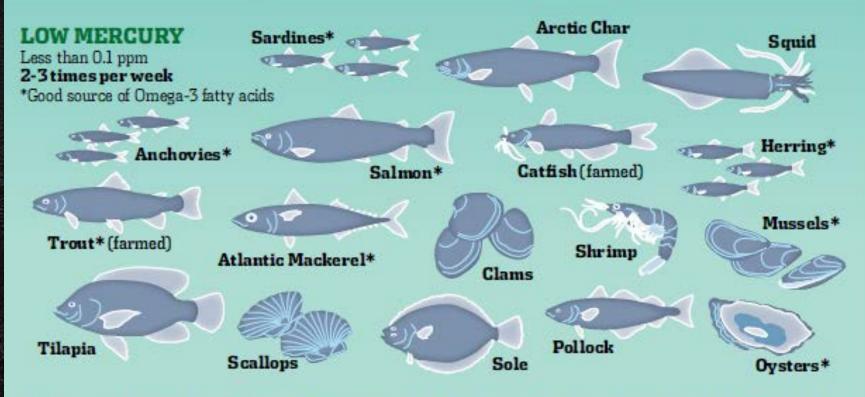
Medium Mercury



Don't Avoid Eat Responsibly

http://safinacenter.org/issues/mercury-seafood/

Low Mercury



Karimi et al., 2012, Environmental Health Perspectives, A quantitative synthesis of mercury in commercial seafood and implications for exposure in the U.S.

http://safinacenter.org/issues/mercury-seafood/

Seafood during Pregnancy

Fish	Meals/Week for Max Benefits	Meals/Week for Adverse Effects
Anchovies, Herring, Shad	3	~150
Fresh Salmon	3-4	~330
Fresh Cod	2-3	~70
Canned Light Tuna	2-3	~90

McGuire et al. 2016

Minimizing Risks

Trim

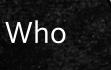
Fat

Remove

Skin

Ensuring Safety

Source Handling



Where

How

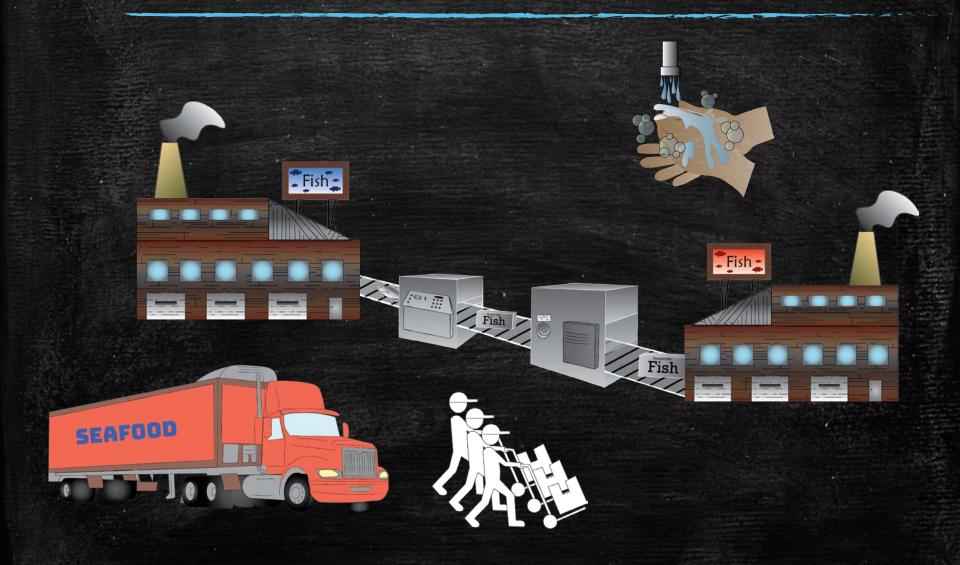
Source- Geographic



Source- Production



Handling



Seafood Regulatory Network



Sanitation Control Program (SCP)

Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP)

Environmental Controls

НАССР

Sanitation Control Program (SCP)

Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP)

General Facility Construction, Maintenance, and Cleanliness

Product and Process Controls

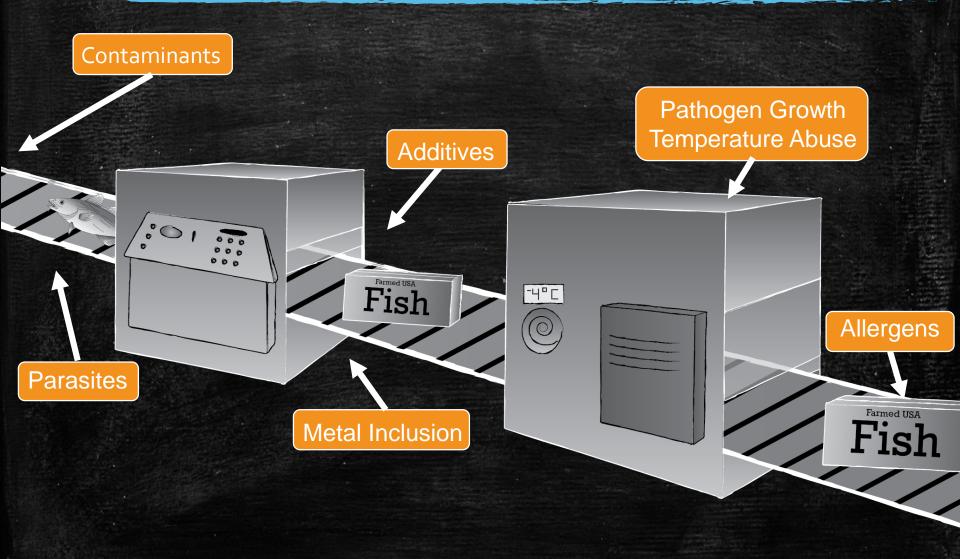
Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points

HACCP

Sanitation Control Program (SCP)

Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP) Hazards
 Critical Control Points (CCP)
 Critical Limits
 Monitor
 Correct
 Verify
 Record

Hazards

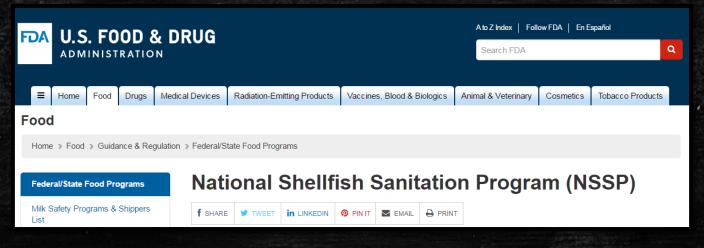


Shellfish

ISSC Interstate Shellfish Sanitation Conference

- Federal government, state government, industry and academia
- Develop procedures for uniform state programs
- Establish regulatory Guidelines to ensure that the shellfish produced are safe and sanitary

National Shellfish Sanitation Program



NSSP

National Shellfish Sanitation Program

- Program guidelines
 - Certification
 - Risk management
 - Laboratory procedures
 - Growing area classification
 - Farming
 - Harvesting
 - Transporting
 - Processing

Promote and improve sanitation and safety

Regulation in NY

- Food and Drug Administration
- NOAA National Marine Fisheries Service

Department of Environmental Conservation

- NYS Agriculture and Markets
- Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC)
- County Health Departments
- YOU!



Agriculture and Markets

NEW YORK





Everyone is Responsible

Source

Danger Zone

Handling

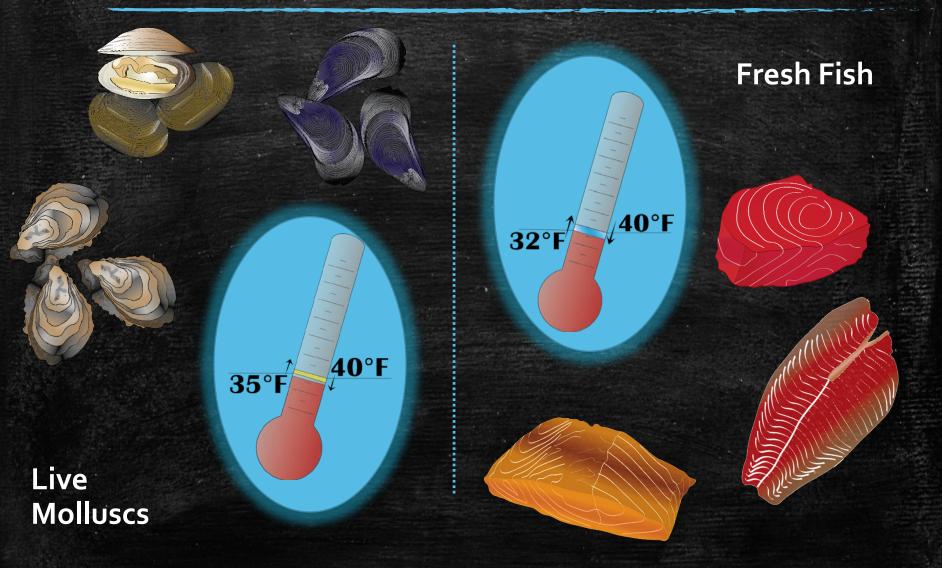
Keep it Clean

Hands Utensils Surfaces

Keep it Separate

RawCookedStore below 40°FCook to 145°F

Keep it Cool



Keep it Moving

Cook in 1-2 Days

Product	Commercially Frozen		Never Frozen, Thawed, or Previously Frozen and Refrigerated at Home
Cod, Flounder	10-12 months	6-8 months	36 hours
Salmon (cleaned)	7-9 months	NA	36 hours
Crab (king)	12 months	9 months	7 days
Squid	8-9 months	4 months	36 hours

Shelf Life

FishShelf Life50 °F for 48 hrHalibut1810Chum Salmon135Pollock50

Maximum Shelf Shelf life after Life in Days at 32°F temperature abuse

Educating Consumers

General Guidelines for Handling Seafood

 Hands, workspace and utensils Keep Clean

Keep Separate Don't store or prepare raw

fish with other foods



Storing Leftover Seafood

- Wash hands, containers and utensils before handling
- Refrigerate or freeze in a shallow container within:
- 2 hours if room temperature < 90°F 1 hour if room temperature > 90°F

90°

Handling Fresh Fish

Whole Fish

· Handle gently and pack on ice and/or refrigerate (<40°F)

nyseagrant.org/seafood



Seafood Consumers

Consumer Trends

68%

Of consumers are more likely to visit restaurants that offer locally produced foods. 60%

Of consumers say they are more likely to eat at restaurants that serve eco-friendly foods.

Of consumers are already making healthier choices in the foods they eat out compared to two years ago.

70%

Connection

80%

JWT INTELLIGENCE (FEBRUARY, 10 2012) Want to know how their food is produced and more transparency from producers.

Millenials

BORN 1979-2000 16-37 years old

¼ of US75% of WorkforcePopulationby 2025

They are not only looking for a healthy meal but treat food as entertainment and a means of self expression

Changing Trends

2015 MILLENTALS

14.5 Billion Visits\$96 Billion Spent23% of Sales

Restaurant sales surpass grocery sales for first time...Ever!

FEEDSTUFFS (APRIL, 27 2016)

Everyone's Talking



BUSINESS

Fish sticks for millennials! Seafood industry rebrands 'trash fish'

By Associated Press

ary 21, 2016 | 9:20am

🚹 💟 🔂 😋 🚯

Marketing to millennials: It's all about the story

By Michelle McNickle, Digital Produc Publish

Search for similar articl

They like to win: Millennials driving restaurant spending

Mar

F

By Lauren Kramer, Contributing Editor

SHARE f 🎽 in 🔤 Published on Wedner

Seafood Expo 2016: Selling seafood to Millennials

Key to boosting US seafood consumption is tapping into trends of 'millennials' January 21, 2014, 5:34 pm Tom Seaman

What Matters Most

Late night bar experiences, events and menus

Fast Service Innovative services (Technology) Unusual Ingredients

Exotic

Ready to eat and To Go options Happy hour

Organic

Small plate

High top tables

Separate checks

Separate dining spaces

Local ingredients

Plate sharing options

Ready to eat and To Go options

New food and beverage combinations

Boston Consulting Group

Print Matters

After reading about a food for the first time.

61% of Millenials will mention a food to friends/family

63% of Millenials plan to buy a food

What if they could taste it then and there?

WATERSHED COMMUNICATIONS (JUNE, 23 2016)

The role of local seafood

- Know source (better traceability)
 How it was raised/caught
 Better transparency
 Opportunity for local relationships

 Stories to provide connection

 Highly regulated on federal state and state a
- Highly regulated on federal, state and local levels

Foodservice Role

- Local seafood connection
- Connect directly to the consumers
- Platform to share the stories of the producers
 - Further supports industry
 - Fosters trust and loyalty from consumers
- Relay safety and nutrition information



References

- Doyle, JP. 1995. Seafood Shelf Life as a Function of Temperature. Alaska Sea Grant Marine Advisory Program.
- Hibbeln, RH; Davis, JM; Steer, C; Emmett, P; Rogers, I; Williams, C; Golding, J. 2007 Maternal Seafood Consumption in pregnancy and neurodevelopmental outcomes in childhood (ALSPAC Study) - an observational cohort study Lancet 369:578-585
- McGuire, Jennifer; Kaplan, Jason; Lapolla, John; Kleiner, Rima. 2016. The 2014 FDA assessment of commercial fish: practical considerations for improved dietary guidance. Nutrition Journal 15:66
- Mozaffarian, D. and Rimm, EB. 2006. Fish Intake. Contaminants, and human health: evaluating the risks and benefits. JAMA 296:1885-1899
- Tan, ZS; Harris, WS; Beiser, AS; Au, R; Himali, JJ; Debette, S; Pikula, A; DeCarli, C; Wolf, PA; Vasan, RS; Robins, SJ; Seshadri, MD. 2012. Red blood cell omega-3 fatty acid levels and markers of accelerated brain aging.
- Welshans, Krissa. "Millenials driving restaurant sales: restaurant sales surpass grocery sales for first time ever." *Feedstuffs* 27 Apr. 2015: 7. *Academic OneFile*. Web. 6 Sept. 2016.
- Millenial Marketing: Accessed October 2016. http://www.millennialmarketing.com/2012/06/millennials-are-literally-the-tastemakers-infood/